

St Anne's and St Joseph's RC Primary Music Curriculum Overview "Nihil Sine Deo"



Intent	Music is a universal language that embodies one of the highest forms of creativity. Our high-quality music education will engage and inspire pupils to develop a love of music and their talent as musicians, and so increase their self-confidence, creativity and sense of achievement. As pupils progress, they will develop a critical engagement with music, allowing them to compose and to listen with discrimination to a wide range of music. The National Curriculum for Music states that: In Key Stage 1, pupils should be taught to:
	• Understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations.
	• Perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians.
	• Learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, can learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and can progress to the next level of music excellence.
	 Key Stage 2, pupils should be taught to: • Understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations.
	• Perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians.
	• Learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, can learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and can progress to the next level of musical excellence.
Implementation	Kapow's scheme takes a holistic approach to music in which our 'golden threads' are woven together to create engaging and enriching learning experiences; the inter related dimensions of music are woven into every unit. We have selected to use the condensed curriculum due to the curriculum demands of our RE; and have ensured that all National Curriculum objectives are covered in the units we have chosen.
	Each five-lesson unit combines our golden threads within a cross curricular topic designed to capture pupil's imaginations and encourage them to explore music enthusiastically.
	We encourage teachers to use the units where appropriate throughout the school year to make learning relevant for our pupils (for example Year 5 teaching WWII songs alongside their history topic).
SEND	Children who are identified as working below ARE may have specific needs which contribute to their difficulty in this area. Where needs are specifically related to a Special Educational Need or Disability, specific and targeted support will be outlined and reviewed through the child's EHCP and/ or Pupil Progress Meetings; elements of which may be recommended by external agencies. It is also important to recognise that children identified as having SEND may not always be the least able in History and could
	excel in the subject. Pupil's attainment will be assessed in a subject-specific manner and based on their strengths rather than barriers
Prior Learning	Staff are asked to recap on the previous year's group learning before embarking on the current topic. Each unit of work will start and end with a check in/check out task for
links and Assessment	each unit; quizzes may also be used on Kapow to assess prior knowledge. As this is a new scheme, we expect there to be gaps in prior knowledge and expect teachers to address this through their planning. For assessment in Music, we expect that informal, formative assessment is carried out in each lesson and then formally assessed at the end of each unit where possible; however, as the golden threads of Music are interwoven throughout every unit, we understand that assessment in Music may look different to assessment in other subjects. In Music, we believe that video clips are the best form of evidence for assessment and these should be shared with the subject lead via Teams.

School Values	Faith	Peace	Love	Forgiveness	Норе	Trust			
Golden Threads		The Inter-related dimensions (elements) of Music:							
		Pulse, Pitch, Dynamics, Duration, Tempo, Timbre, Texture, Structure, Notation							
	Listening and evaluating	Creating sound	Notation	Improvisati	ion and composing	Performing			

		EYFS			
Exploring	g Sound Celebration Mu	ic Music and	Musical Stories	Transport	Big Band
Unit		Movement		•	
To explore using we make a variety of so To explore how to bodies to make sou To explore the sou different instrument To identify sounds environment and differentiate betwee To use voices to impature sounds. Lesson Sequence	another culture, particular when related to the festival unds. bunds of of onts. in the To respond to music with movement. To learn about music from another culture, particular when related to the festival particular another culture, particular when related to the festival particular another culture, particular when related to the festival particular another culture, particular another culture, particular when related to the festival particular another culture, particula	actions. To learn some simple Makator signs to accompany a song. To explore beat through body movement. To express feelings and emotions through movement to music. To explore pitch and tempo through scarf dancing and body movement. To express feelings and emotions through movement to music. To perform action songs to a small audience.	melody: "Teddy Bear's Picnic" by John Walter Bratton and Jimmy Kennedy and recall part	To explore making sounds at different speeds. To explore moving to different tempos. To interpret symbols to show a change in speed. To interpret a simple score to show tempo changes.	To learn what an orchestra is To learn about the four

listen carefully and talk about what I hear. To know that sounds can be copied by my voice, body percussion and instruments. To understand that instruments can be played oudly or softly. Communication and Language Understand how to listen carefully and why listening is important. Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding Listen attentively and responds to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small groups. ELGs ELGs Issue a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. —songs, rhymes, poems and stories with outless of a song, the steady pulse of a song, the steady pulse of a song, with sounds. To know that tile a story with sounds. To know that different instruments can sound like a particular character. To know that the beat is the steady pulse of a song, instruments can sound like a particular character. To understand that we can match an action in a song. It on understand what 'high' and 'low' notes are. To understand that we can match an action in a song. It is the to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. Listen it and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. It is the intentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions. Understanding the World Explore the natural world around them Expressive Arts and Design Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses. Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups. Being Imaginative and Expressive Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. —songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and-when appropriate - try to move		To understand how to	To know that there are	To lengue that the host is	To undougeond that a -i	To managerina shas waters	To lengue that an analyzatur		
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				songs, rhymes, poems and s	tories with others, and, who	en appropriate - try to move	in time with music		
Curriculum Outdoor provision, Nativity performance, Singing worship, Celebrations at Church.						en appropriate aly to move	in cirre with master		
Enhancement		Provident, Nativity	F =	p, es.es. acions ac ondicin					
Assessment Video and photo evidence.		Video and photo evidence							
Autobaliente Tideo una prioto criadice.	7.050551110110	The same priority criatines.							

Year I	Pulse and rhythm (Theme: My Favourite Things)	Tempo (Theme: Snail and Mouse).	Dynamics - Seaside	Sound patterns - Fairytales	Pitch and tempo (Theme: Superheroes)	Vocal and body sounds (Theme: By the Sea).	
National	Use their voices	Use their voices	Use their voices	Use their voices expressively	Use their voices	Play tuned and untuned	
	expressively and creatively	expressively and creatively	expressively and creatively	and creatively by singing	expressively and creatively	instruments musically	
		by singing songs and	by singing songs and	songs and speaking chants	by singing songs and	,	
	speaking chants and rhymes	speaking chants and rhymes	speaking chants and rhymes	and rhymes	speaking chants and rhymes	Listen with concentration	
						and understanding to a	
	Play tuned and untuned	Play tuned and untuned	Play tuned and untuned	Play tuned and untuned	Play tuned and untuned	range of high-quality live	
		instruments musically	instruments musically	instruments musically	instruments musically	and recorded music	
	,	,	,	,	,		
	Listen with concentration	Listen with concentration	Listen with concentration	Listen with concentration and	Listen with concentration	Experiment with, create,	
		and understanding to a	and understanding to a	understanding to a range of	and understanding to a	select and combine sounds	
		range of high-quality live			range of high-quality live and	using the inter-related	
		and recorded music	recorded music	music	recorded music	dimensions of music	
	Experiment with, create,	Experiment with, create,	Experiment with, create,	Experiment with, create,	Experiment with, create,		
		select and combine sounds	select and combine sounds	select and combine sounds	select and combine sounds		
	using the inter-related	using the inter-related	using the inter-related	using the inter-related	using the inter-related		
	dimensions of music	dimensions of music	dimensions of music	dimensions of music.	dimensions of music		
		To understand that the	To know that dynamics can	To know that an instrument	To know that sounds within	To know that sounds within	
	regular heartbeat within	pulse of the music can	change how someone	or rhythm pattern can	music can be described as	music can be described as	
	music.	change.	listening feels about music.	represent a character in a	high or low sounds and the	high or low sounds and the	
		L	L	story	meaning of these terms.	meaning of these terms.	
		To know that sections of	To know that sections of	L	L	L	
	,	music can be described as	music can be described as	To know that the voice can	To understand that music car		
		fast or slow and the	loud, quiet or silent and the	whisper and shout to help tell	be represented by pictures	following instruments: up to	
		meaning of these terms.	meaning of these terms.	a story.	or symbols.	three instruments from	
	following instruments: up to	T. I	To an decrease delice accessor	To be seen that a series of		Group A and B.	
		To know that my voice,	To understand that music	To know that sections of		To longuo shoe massasian is	
		body and instruments can show fast and slow beats.	can be represented by	music can be described as		To know that notation is	
		snow last and slow beats.	pictures or symbols.	loud, quiet or silent and the meaning of these terms.		read from left to right.	
Key Skills across	Listening with concentration t	o short pieces of music or o	L xcerpts from longer pieces of		1	1	
•	Engaging with and responding		excerpts if offi longer pieces of	music.			
•	Beginning to move in time with						
	Recognising simple patterns a		where a pattern of heats is re	upeated)			
	Recognising simple patterns a			peated).			
	To recognise and name the fo		•	A and B			
	Giving positive feedback relating to the tempo of practices and performances using the vocabulary of fast and slow. Singing simple songs, chants and rhymes from memory						
	Competently singing songs wi		wo notes that are different hi	it close together)			
	Practising singing songs with a			<u> </u>			
	Exploring changing their singir		atomic merodies) willer is grad	dany getting inglief of lower.			
	Lybioi ing changing their singi	ig voice in unierent ways					

	Breathing at appropriate time	es when singing.						
	Learning to use instruments t	to follow the beat, by first ob	serving and then mimicking th	e teacher's modelling				
	Maintaining a comfortable po	sition when sitting or standin	g to sing and play instruments	<u> </u>				
	Reading different types of no	tation by moving eyes from le	eft to right as sound occurs.					
	Using pictorial representations to stay in time with the pulse when singing or playing.							
			of one beat sounds and one be	eat rests.				
	Improvising simple question a							
	Starting to maintain a steady		•					
	Keeping instruments still unti							
	Performing actively as part of							
	Showing awareness of the lea							
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8 or on-m8 a proces					
Lesson	To demonstrate an	To use voices and bodies	To understand how music	To explore and change	To identify high- and low-	To explore tempo changes		
sequence	understanding of pulse using		can be used to represent an		pitched sounds.	through movement.		
sequence	parts of the body.		environment.	2,	P. 65.110 2 55 41.125.	0 48 0 0 0		
	, , .	- F - 6 F		To experiment with creating	To explore pitch by creating	To explore how dynamics		
	To keep a pulse and show a	To practice a rhyme using	To understand how music	different sounds using a single		can be represented by		
	sound pattern using bodies		can represent changes in an	instrument.	passer passer is:	different symbols.		
	and voices.	instruments.	environment.		To demonstrate tempo	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
				To read simple rhythmic	changes.	To clap simple rhythmic		
	To explore using a thinking	To use voices to perform a	To explore using	patterns comprising of one	Changes.	patterns while keeping the		
	voice to show the pulse.	· ·	instruments, body and voice		To create a superhero theme			
			to create a seaside	rests.	tune with a variety in tempo			
	To play short rhythms in		soundscape.		and pitch.	To interpret symbols to		
	time with the pulse.	To use singing voices and an	·	To play sound patterns in time		demonstrate a pitch		
	anno man ano passo.	instrument to perform a	To identify how dynamics	with the pulse using a visual	To perform a piece of	pattern.		
	To demonstrate an		can reflect environments.	stimulus.	superhero music showing a			
	understanding of pulse	beat.			change of pitch and tempo.	To perform as part of a		
	through performance		To create and represent	To show awareness of	l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l	group to demonstrate		
	am ought per ter manes		sounds using symbols.	different roles when		dynamics, pitch and rhythm.		
		slow beats within the	3 /	performing in a group		, , ,		
		context of a story.		performance.				
Curriculum	Outdoor provision, Si	nging worship, Celebration	ons at Church.					
Enhancement		-						
Assessment	Photo/video evidence	and as per kapow assessr	nent opportunities.					

Year 2	Call and response Animals	Instruments Music storytelling	Singing On this island	Contrasting dynamics Space	Structure Myths and legends	Pitch Musical me.
National Curriculum	and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants	and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and	and creatively by singing	songs and speaking chants and	and creatively by singing	Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes.
	instruments musically.	•	and understanding to a range of high-quality live and		Play tuned and untuned instruments musically.	Play tuned and untuned instruments musically.
	understanding to a range of			understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded	Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music.	and understanding to a range
	select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music	Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music	dimensions of music	select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music	select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music	Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music
Key knowledge	change the effect a sound has on the audience.	loud, quiet or silent and the meaning of these terms.	To know that sections of music can be described as fast or slow and the meaning of these termsTo know that sections of music can be	To know sections of music can be described as fast or slow and the meaning of these terms.	To know pictorial representations of rhythm show sounds and rests.	To know notation is read from left to right. To know sounds within music can be described as
	name up to three instruments from Group A and B.	To know that sections of music can be described as fast or slow and the meaning of these terms.	described as loud, quiet or silent and the meaning of these terms.	To know that sections of music can be described as loud, quiet or silent and the meaning of these terms		high or low sounds and the meaning of these terms To know in all pictorial
		To know that sounds within music can be described as high or low sounds and the meaning of these terms.	To know in all pictorial representations of music, representations further up the page are higher sounds and those further down are lower sounds.	To know sounds within music can be described as high or low sounds and the meaning of these terms.		representations of music, representations further up the page are higher sounds and those further down are lower sounds.
Key Skills across the topics	Engaging with and respon- Beginning to explain why Recognising simple patter Stating what they enjoyed	ng ion to short pieces of music or ding to longer pieces of music. the music has a certain effect o ns and repetition in rhythm. (e about their peers' performance elating to the tempo of praction	excerpts from longer pieces on them, which could be relate e.g. where a pattern of beats is ces.	ed to the music or a personal 6 repeated).	experience.	

	Singing a range of call and	I response chants, matching the	dynamic and tompo they has	r with accuracy					
		ng in their head (using their 'th		with accuracy.					
		of how dynamics are affected		trument is played					
	Learning to use instruments to follow the beat by first observing and then mimicking the teacher's modelling. Maintaining a comfortable position when sitting or standing to sing and play instruments.								
	Improvising and composing								
		s to a variety of physical stimul	i such as, nature, artwork and	stories.					
		on and answer phrases, using t							
		ting rhythmic patterns by chang		o or instrument.					
		ort sequences of sound with vo							
		to combine different sounds by	either turn-taking or by playir	ng sounds at the same time.					
	Performing								
		k on others' performances.							
		ady beat throughout short sing							
		oriately when performing or w							
Lance		roup, clearly keeping in time w		To avanto a nive-le	To wood and also a whitely	To undougton dated and still			
Lesson	To create short sounds with varied dynamics that	analysing a piece of music in	To learn to sing a British folk	soundscape using dynamic	To read and clap a rhythm based on a phrase from a	To understand and practice reading different symbols to			
Sequence	represent an animal.	relation to a story.		changes.	story.	show pitch.			
	represent an anima.	relation to a story.		changes.	story.	Silow pitch.			
	To copy a short sound	To explore how music and	To practise and perform a song relating to the	To listen to music and	To hear, write and clap	To sing and draw pitch			
	pattern.	sound effects can tell a story.		respond creatively,	rhythms based on a phrase	patterns.			
	pattern.	sound enects can ten a story.	,	considering how dynamics	from a story.	paccerns.			
	To explore call and response	To select appropriate sounds		can be represented.		To read and understand the			
	using instruments	to match events, characters	song relating to the city.	·	To use a rhythm in different	notation for the song 'Once a			
		and feelings in a story.	being remaining to this chapt	To compare two pieces of	ways to demonstrate	Man Fell in a Well.'			
	To create sound patterns	,	To create symbols to	music.	structure.				
	based on call and response.	To suggest appropriate	represent sounds.			To use a tuned percussion			
	опостоин инте гоороноон	sounds to represent parts	•	To create a short pitch	To create a structure using	instrument to play a song.			
	To perform different sound	of a story.		pattern to represent a planet.		1 / 3			
	patterns with contrasting	,	musical composition.	i ·	, ,	To complete the notation for			
	dynamics.	To perform a composition		To perform a pitch pattern	To perform a group	a short song using a three-			
	'	showing changes in tempo		representing a planet, using	composition.	line stave.			
		and dynamics.		vocal and instrumental					
				sounds and changes in					
				dynamics.					
Curriculum	Outdoor provision, Singi	ng worship, Celebrations at Ch	urch.						
Enhancement									
A	Dhata hide a suident a s	d oo oou kanayy	- a						
Assessment	riioto/video evidence and	d as per kapow assessment opp	oor tufficies.						

		I			1	
	Catholic Singing	Creating compositions in		Pentatonic melodies	Catholic Singing	Traditional
Year 3	Partnership tuition	response to an animation	Partnership tuition	and composition	Partnership tuition	instruments and
		(Theme: Mountains)		(Theme: Chinese		improvisation
				New Year)		(Theme: India)
National		Play and perform in solo			Play and perform in solo and	Develop an understanding of
Curriculum	ensemble contexts, using	and ensemble contexts,	ensemble contexts, using	ensemble contexts, using	ensemble contexts, using	the history of music
	their voices and playing		their voices and playing	their voices and playing	their voices and playing	
	musical instruments with	, ,	musical instruments with	musical instruments with	musical instruments with	Play and perform in solo and
	increasing accuracy, fluency,	with increasing accuracy,	increasing accuracy, fluency,	increasing accuracy, fluency,	increasing accuracy, fluency,	ensemble contexts, using
	control and expression	fluency, control and	control and expression	control and expression	control and expression	their voices and playing
		expression				musical instruments with
				Improvise and compose		increasing accuracy, fluency,
		Improvise and compose		music for a range of purposes		control and expression
	Listen with attention to	music for a range of	Listen with attention to	using the inter-related	Listen with attention to	
	detail and recall sounds with	purposes using the inter-	detail and recall sounds with	dimensions of music	detail and recall sounds with	Improvise and compose music
	increasing aural memory	related dimensions of music	increasing aural memory		increasing aural memory	for a range of purposes using
	,		,	Listen with attention to detail	,	the inter-related dimensions
		Listen with attention to		and recall sounds with		of music
		detail and recall sounds with		increasing aural memory		
		increasing aural memory				Listen with attention to detail
				Use and understand staff and		and recall sounds with
		Appreciate and understand		other musical notations		increasing aural memory
		a wide range of high-quality				
		live and recorded music		Appreciate and understand a		Use and understand staff and
		drawn from different		wide range of high-quality live		other musical notations
		traditions and from great		and recorded music drawn		
		composers and musicians		from different traditions and		Appreciate and understand a
				from great composers and		wide range of high-quality
		Develop an understanding		musicians		live and recorded music
		of the history of music				drawn from different
						traditions and from great
						composers and musicians

Key knowledge

Introduction to good singing practise

Pitch match Matching the shape of a melody (up/down): what's the highest/lowest sound you can make with your voice? Reach high as you sing a high note, and low as you sing a low note. Go from our lowest to highest note without stopping. Play two notes and your ensemble. distinguish between the higher and lower note. Keeping a steady beat with chants Singing in a group and on their own: use "oo la la lay" Distinguish between speaking, chanting and singing voice Distinguish between high, middle and low Loud/quiet (forte/piano) Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs

with a small range

of good breathing

Introduction to the piano

Introduction to good singing

posture and the importance

To understand that the timbre of instruments played rhythmic notation and affect the mood and style of a dynamics piece of music.

To know that an ensemble is Getting louder (crescendo) a group of musicians who perform together.

To know that to perform well, it is important to listen to the other members of

Catholic Singing Partnership: Introduction to rhythmic lengths) notation, dynamics and tempo

Introduction to cat/monkey/nap

Move in time with the music Dance to my music and follow the changes (showing the music with your body) What are dynamics? Copy changes in dynamics and understand their expressive use Remember and sing entire songs

What is tempo?: add in ntroduction to a well-known jumping game. Teacher to Catholic mass setting: Sanctus play different patterns of four notes, and children have to prepare to jump on the fourth note I play, but the tempo is different each time. Teaches the internalisation of tempo Fast vs slow Introduction to a well-known

Catholic mass setting: Agnus

Dei

Beat and rhythm, more

Cat/monkey/nap (bars and barlines) and getting quieter (diminuendo)

Changing the speed of the beat as the tempo changes: Walk with the music I play. When I stop, clap the beat you were just walking (teaches being ready to stop and start, and predict phrase

Call and response songs (taking it in turn to be leader): use "Bungalow" (Y4 and above) Rests Pause: "this time I'm going to pause and restart on this word/rhythm/pitch. Watch me for restarting" Beat vs rhythm: The Birthday Song. Use other examples Introduction to a well-know Catholic mass setting: Kyrie

To know that the word 'crescendo' means a sound getting gradually louder.

To know that some traditional music around the world is based on five notes called a 'pentatonic' scale.

To understand that a pentatonic melody uses only the five notes C D E G A.

Catholic Singing Partnership:

Tonality, articulation, grouping beats and introduction to pitchreading

(Y4 and above) Major and minor tonality Cat/monkey/nap new stave resources Legato (smooth) and staccato

(detached) 2 time vs 3 time Grouping beats in twos and threes (tapping knees on the first beat and clapping the remaining beats): Walk with the beat. Show the downbeat with some sort of gesture (vary meter and tempo) Pitch resource I (mi-so) Introduction to a well-known Catholic mass setting: Gloria Ensemble work: breathing together and bringing themselves in, taking it in turns to conduct, one person pretending to do bowling and everyone else clapping on the

ball release (arm swing before

Singing in parts and rounds, more rhythmic and pitch notation

Pitch resource 2 (mi-so-la) Cat/monkey/nap 4 Question phrase vs answer phrase: use "are you listening, yes we are". Then "Kingdom of Heaven"

(Y4 and above) Adding simple harmony

(Y4 and above) Rounds and partner songs

Recap whole mass setting so far

To know that Indian music uses all of the sounds in between the 12 'notes' that we are used to in western music.

To know that a 'tala' is a set rhythm that is repeated over and over, usually on the drums called 'tabla'

To know that a 'rag' is the tune in traditional Indian music, and is often played on a stringed instrument called a 'sitar'

To know that a 'drone' in music is a note that goes on and on, staying the same, a bit like someone humming a long-held note.

To know that many types of music from around the world consist of more than one layer of sound; for example a 'tala' and 'rag' in traditional Indian music.

Catholic Singing Partnership: Advanced dynamics, more rhythmic and pitch notation

Pitch resource 3 (do-re-mi) Fortissimo, pianissimo, mezzo-forte and mezzo-piano CMN 5

More CMN stave resources incorporating 1-5

		Preparation for Christmas		release shows the need for		
		carol concerts		breath and preparation)		
				, , ,		
Key Skills	Discussing the stylistic feature	es of different genres, styles and	l d traditions of music using mu	l sical vocabulary	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
across the		om different parts of the world,				
units.		ne changes within a piece of mus				
		nic, and textural details of a pied		through movement.		
	Beginning to show an awarer					
		abulary (related to the inter-din			wn and others' work.	
		thms to compose a multi-layere				
		nic notation (graphic or staff), a		label and record their compos	itions.	
		improvements to their own wo		in part in the group performer	200	
		for a piece of music using music		en part in the group performal	ice.	
	Offering constructive feedba		ai vocabulai y.			
Lesson	2	To tell a story from a piece		To learn about the music		To form an opinion of Indian
Sequence		of music through		used to celebrate the		music.
·		movement.To create a		Chinese New Year festival.		
						To be able to improvise using
		soundscape using percussion				given notes.
		instruments.				
•						

	To create a range of sounds	To play a pentatonic melody	To be able to improvise using
	to accompany a story.	on a tuned percussion	given notes.
		instrument	
	To compose and perform a		To create a piece of music
	rhythm to accompany a	To write and perform a	using a drone, rag and tal.
	story.	pentatonic melody.	
			To perform a piece of music
	To compose and notate a	To perform a group	using musical notation.
	short melody to accompany a	composition.	G
	story.		
		To perform a piece of music	
		as a group.	
Curriculum Enhancement	Outdoor provision, Singing worship, Celebrations at Church, choir for		
Assessment	Photo/video evidence and as per kapow assessment opportunities.		

Year 4	Catholic Singing Partnership tuition	Body and tuned percussion (Rainforests)	Catholic Singing Partnership tuition	Haiku music and performance	Catholic Singing Partnership tuition	Changes in pitch, tempo and dynamics (rivers)
National	Play and perform in solo and	Play and perform in solo and	Play and perform in solo and	Play and perform in solo and	Play and perform in solo and	Use and understand staff
Curriculum	ensemble contexts, using	_	_	_	, ,	and other musical notations
	their voices and playing	. , .			their voices and playing	
	musical instruments with		musical instruments with	musical instruments with	musical instruments with	Play and perform in solo and
	increasing accuracy, fluency,				increasing accuracy, fluency,	ensemble contexts, using
	control and expression	control and expression	control and expression	control and expression	control and expression	their voices and playing
						musical instruments with
	Listen with attention to detail	Improvise and compose	Listen with attention to detail	Improvise and compose	Listen with attention to detail	increasing accuracy, fluency,
	and recall sounds with	music for a range of purposes	and recall sounds with	music for a range of purposes		control and expression
	increasing aural memory		increasing aural memory	. •	increasing aural memory	
		dimensions of music		dimensions of music		Improvise and compose
						music for a range of purposes
		Listen with attention to detail		Listen with attention to detail		using the inter-related
		and recall sounds with		and recall sounds with		dimensions of music
		increasing aural memory		increasing aural memory		
						Listen with attention to detail
		Appreciate and understand		Appreciate and understand a		and recall sounds with
		a wide range of high-quality		wide range of high-quality live		increasing aural memory
		live and recorded music		and recorded music drawn		
		drawn from different		from different traditions and		Appreciate and understand
		traditions and from great		from great composers and		a wide range of high-quality
		composers and musicians		musicians		live and recorded music
						drawn from different

						traditions and from great composers and musicians
Key knowledge	Introduction to good	To know that deciding the	Beat and rhythm, more	To know that a glissando in		To know that when you sing
,			rhythmic notation and	music means a sliding effect		without accompaniment it is
		composing can help us create		played on instruments or		called 'A Capella'
		interesting music with	Cat/monkey/nap (bars and	made by your voice	Pitch resource 2 (mi-so-la)	-
	melody (up/down): what's the	contrasting sections.	barlines)		Cat/monkey/nap 4	To understand that harmony
	highest/lowest sound you can		Getting louder (crescendo)	To know that expressive	Question phrase vs answer	means playing two notes at
	make with your voice? Reach	11.00	and getting quieter	language (like a poem) can be	phrase: use "are you listening,	the same time, which usually
	high as you sing a high note,	d:ff	(diminuendo)	used as inspiration for	yes we are". Then "Kingdom	sound good together
	and low as you sing a low	compace con create layers of	Changing the speed of the	composing music.	of Heaven"	n time means all performers
		sound we call 'texture'	beat as the tempo changes:	To understand that both	(Y4 and above) Adding simple	playing together at the same
	highest note without		Walk with the music I play.	instruments and voices can	harmony	speed. An ostinato is a
	stopping. Play two notes and	II O KIIOW LIIAL A IOOD III	When I stop, clap the beat	create audio effects that	(Y4 and above) Rounds and	musical pattern that is
	distinguish between the		you were just walking		partner songs	repeated over and over; a
	higher and lower note.	I - 1 - 1		see.		vocal ostinato is a pattern
	Keeping a steady beat with		and start, and predict phrase	L	far	created with your voice
			lengths)	To know that grouping		
	omenie in a group and on	1 -	Call and response songs	instruments according to their timbre can create		To know that 'performance directions' are words added
	their own: use "oo la la lay"	or motif can change the	(6	contrasting 'textures' in music		to music notation to tell the
	Distinguish between speaking,	lexture of a piece of music.	leader): use "Bungalow"	contrasting textures in music		performers how to play
	chanting and singing voice		(Y4 and above) Rests			performers now to play
	Distinguish between high,	Partnershine	Pause: "this time I'm going to pause and restart on this	Catholic Singing		Catholic Singing
	middle and low	Introduction to rhythmic	word/rhythm/pitch. Watch	Partnership		Partnership:
	6	notation, dynamics and	me for restarting"			Advanced dynamics,
		tempo	Description The Disabilities	Tonality, articulation,		more rhythmic and pitch
	nursery rhymes and songs	indioduction to		grouping beats and		notation
		Cat/monkey/nap	too	introduction to pitch-		Pitch resource 3 (do-re-mi)
		Move in time with the music	Introduction to a well-known	reading		Fortissimo, pianissimo,
	Introduction to good singing	Dance to my masic and	Catholic mass setting: Kyrie	minor tonality		mezzo-forte and mezzo-
		ionow the changes (showing	Catholic mass setting. Tyric	Cat/monkey/nap new stave		piano CMN F
	of good breathing	the music with your body)		resources		CMN 5 More CMN stave resources
	Introduction to a well-known			Legato (smooth) and staccato		
	Catholic mass setting: Sanctus	copy changes in dynamics and understand their		(detached)		incorporating 1-5
				2 time vs 3 time		
		expressive use Remember and sing entire		Grouping beats in twos and		
		•		threes (tapping knees on the		
		songs What is tempo?: add in		first beat and clapping the		
		jumping game. Teacher to		remaining beats): Walk with		
		play different patterns of four		the beat. Show the downbeat		
		notes, and children have to		with some sort of gesture		
		notes, and children have to		(vary meter and tempo)		

	prepare to jump on the fourth note I play, but the tempo is different each time. Teaches the internalisation of tempo Fast vs slow Introduction to a well-known Catholic mass setting: Agnus Dei Preparation for Christmas carol concerts	Pitch resource I (mi-so) Introduction to a well-known Catholic mass setting: Gloria Ensemble work: breathing together and bringing themselves in, taking it in turns to conduct, one person pretending to do bowling and everyone else clapping on the ball release (arm swing before release shows the need for breath and preparation)	
Lesson Sequence	To identify structure and texture in music. To use body percussion. To create musical rhythms using body	To describe the Hanami festival using suitable words and sounds. To represent a blossom tree using sounds.	To sing in two parts using expression and dynamics. To recognise key elements of music.
	percussion. To create simple tunes. To build and improve a composition.	To identify different musical features using descriptive vocabulary. To work as a group to create a piece of music celebrating the Hanami festival.	To perform a vocal ostinato. To create and perform an ostinato. To improve and perform a piece of music based around ostinatos.
Curriculum Enhancement	Outdoor provision, Singing worship, Celebrations at Church, choir for	To perform a piece of music to celebrate Hanami. KS2	
Assessment	Photo/video evidence and as per kapow assessment opportunities.		

	Songs of WW2	Blues	South and West	Composition to	Looping and remixing	Musical Theatre
Year 5			Africa	represent the festival of colour – Holi		
National Curriculum	ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression	and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and	Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression	Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression	Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression	Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression
	purposes using the inter- related dimensions of music	purposes using the inter-	Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of	Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter- related dimensions of music	Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of music	Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter- related dimensions of music
	drawn from different)	Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds	Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory	Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory	Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory
	composers and musicians	Use and understand staff and other musical notations	with increasing aural memory Use and understand staff and other musical notations	Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great	Use and understand staff and other musical notations Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality	Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great
		Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians	Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great	composers and musicians	live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians	composers and musicians Develop an understanding of the history of music
		Develop an understanding of the history of music	composers and musicians Develop an understanding of the history of music			
Key knowledge	troubles in your old kit bag' and 'We'll meet again' are	is the layering of several pitches played at the same time.	To know that songs sung in other languages can contain sounds that are unfamiliar to us, like the clicks of the Xhosa language.	composition is a piece of music created only using	To know that dance music is usually produced using electronic percussion sounds, and recordings of the music are played by DJs in clubs or	To know that remix is music that has been changed, usually so it is suitable for dancing to. To know that choreography
	To know that the Solfa syllables represent the pitches	To know that 12-bar Blues is a sequence of 12 bars of music, made up of three different chords.	To know that 'The Click Song' is a traditional song sung in the Xhosa language	To understand that varying effects can be created using only your voice, for example by changing the pitch, dynamic or tempo of the sounds made.	at festivals To know that a loop is a repeated rhythm or melody,	means the organisation of steps or moves in a dance. To know that musical theatre uses transitions, which are
	A 'counter-subject' or		luck at weddings		ostinato.	short passages of music used

Key Skills	contrast to the main melody. To know that a countermelody is different to harmony because it uses a different rhythm as well as complementary notes.	sadness or worry. To know that a 'bent note' is a note that varies in its pitch, eg the pitch may slide up or down	chords create a bright, happy sound. To know that poly-rhythms means many rhythms played at once	voice in different ways. To know that the duration of a note or phrase in music can be shown using a repeated symbol or the size of a symbol on a graphic score.	so it is suitable for dancing to.	to move between sections of the musical action.	
ŕ							
	eras of music. To improve accuracy in pitch and control, singing with expression and dynamics. To identify pitches within an octave when singing. To use knowledge of pitch to develop confidence when singing in parts. To be able to notate a melody using pitches up to an octave.	blues music. To play the first line of the 12-bar blues. To be able to play the 12-bar blues. To be able to play the blues scale on a tuned instrument. To be able to improvise with notes from the blues scale.	To sing a traditional African song unaccompanied. To use tuned percussion to play a chord progression. To use vocals or tuned percussion to perform a piece of music as an ensemble. To play call and response rhythms using percussion instruments. To create an eight-beat break to play within a performance.	To understand that music can be represented with colours. To represent a piece of music as a graphic score. To create a vocal composition based on a picture. To create a piece of music inspired by a single colour. To work as a group to perform a piece of music.	using pre-written loops	To identify character songs and action songs To create a musical theatre scene To rehearse a musical theatre scene To perform a musical theatre scene	

Curriculum Enhancement	Outdoor provision, Singing worship, Celebrations at Church, choir for KS2					
Assessment	Photo/video evidence and a	as per kapow assessment opp	portunities.			

Year 6	Theme and variations – Pop art	Dynamics pitch and texture- Fingal's cave	Film Music	Baroque	Compising and performing a leaver's song	-
National	Play and perform in solo and	Play and perform in solo and	Play and perform in solo	Play and perform in solo and		Play and perform in solo and
Curriculum	ensemble contexts, using	ensemble contexts, using	and ensemble contexts,			ensemble contexts, using
	their voices and playing	their voices and playing	using their voices and	. , .	. , ,	their voices and playing
	musical instruments with	musical instruments with	playing musical instruments	musical instruments with		musical instruments with
	increasing accuracy, fluency,	increasing accuracy, fluency,	with increasing accuracy,	increasing accuracy, fluency,	increasing accuracy, fluency,	increasing accuracy, fluency,
	control and expression	control and expression	fluency, control and expression	control and expression	control and expression	control and expression
	Improvise and compose	Improvise and compose		Improvise and compose	Improvise and compose	Listen with attention to
	music for a range of	music for a range of	Improvise and compose	music for a range of	9	detail and recall sounds with
	purposes using the inter-	purposes using the inter-	music for a range of	purposes using the inter-		increasing aural memory
	related dimensions of music	related dimensions of music	purposes using the inter- related dimensions of music	related dimensions of music	related dimensions of music	
	Listen with attention to	Appreciate and understand		Listen with attention to	Listen with attention to	
	detail and recall sounds with	a wide range of high-quality	Listen with attention to	detail and recall sounds with	detail and recall sounds with	
	increasing aural memory	live and recorded music	detail and recall sounds with	increasing aural memory	increasing aural memory	
		drawn from different	increasing aural memory			
	Use and understand staff	traditions and from great		Use and understand staff	Appreciate and understand a	
	and other musical notations	composers and musicians	Use and understand staff	and other musical notations	wide range of high-quality	
			and other musical notations		live and recorded music	
	Appreciate and understand			Appreciate and understand a	drawn from different	
	a wide range of high-quality		Appreciate and understand	wide range of high-quality	traditions and from great	
	live and recorded music		a wide range of high-quality	live and recorded music	composers and musicians	
	drawn from different		live and recorded music	drawn from different		

	traditions and from great composers and musicians Develop an understanding of the history of music		drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians	traditions and from great composers and musicians Develop an understanding of the history of music		
Key knowledge:	To know that a 'theme' is a main melody in a piece of music. To know that 'variations' in music are when a main melody is changed in some way throughout the piece To know that 'The Young Person's Guide to the Orchestra' was written in 1945 by Benjamin Britten. To understand that representing beats of silence or 'rests' in written music is important as it helps us play rhythms correctly.	To understand that improvisation means making up music 'on the spot'. To understand that texture can be created by adding or removing instruments in a piece and can create the effect of dynamic change. To know that timbre can also be thought of as 'tone colour' and can be described in many ways eg warm or cold, rich or bright.	notation' means writing music down using your choice of	texture means lots of individual melodies layered together, like in a canon. To know that music in which very similar parts are introduced one by one to overlap is called a canon. To know that ground bass is a repeating melody played on a bass instrument in Baroque music To know that a 'counter-subject' or 'counter-melody' provides contrast to the main melody.	progression is a sequence of chords that repeats throughout a song. To know that a melody can be adapted by changing its dynamics, pitch or tempo. To know that chord progressions are represented in music by Roman numerals To understand that all types	To understand pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure. To perform, listen to, review and evaluate music. To learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others.

				To know that a canon is a musical structure or 'form' in which an opening melody is imitated by one or more parts coming in ♦ NB one by one		
Key Skills	Recognising and confidently of Representing changes in pitch Identifying the way that feature Use musical vocabulary corrections confidently using detailed must Improvising coherently and composing a multi-layered properly melodies using reconstructively critique their Singing songs in two or more Working as a group to performance in pitch singing songs in two or more working as a group to performance in pitch singing songs in two or more working as a group to performance in pitch singing songs in two or more working as a group to performance in pitch singing songs in two or more working as a group to performance in pitch singing songs in two or more working as a group to performance in pitch singing songs in two or more working as a group to performance in pitch singing songs in two or more working as a group to performance in pitch singing songs in two or more working as a group to performance in pitch singing songs in two or more working as a group to performance in pitch singing songs in two or more working as a group to performance in pitch singing songs in two or more working as a group to performance in pitch singing songs in two or more working as a group to performance in pitch singing songs in two or more working as a group to performance in pitch singing songs in two or more working as a group to performance in pitch singing songs in two or more working as a group to performance in pitch singing songs in two or more working songs i	discussing the stylistic features in, dynamics and texture using res of a song can complement ectly when describing and evalusical vocabulary (related to the reatively within a given style, i liece of music from a given stirelythmic variation, transposition own and others' work, using the secure parts from memory, were a piece of music, adjusting	of music and relating it to other graphic notation, justifying their cone another to create a coher uating the features of a piece of the inter-related dimensions of resorting given features. In the substitution of the properties of the propertie	er aspects of the Arts. The choices with reference to mulent overall effect. The music. The music of the Arts. The music of the choices with reference to mulent overall effect. The music of the Arts. The art overall effect. The art overall effect		
Lesson Sequence	To explore the musical concept of theme and variations To compare and contrast different variations in the piece 'The Young Person's Guide to the Orchestra'To	To appraise the work of a classical composer (Felix Mendelssohn). To improvise as a group, using dynamics and pitch. To improvise as a group, using texture	To appraise different musical features in a variety of film contexts To identify and understand some composing techniques in film music	To understand the importance of Monteverdi in the history of opera To read and play a canon from staff notation. To demonstrate an understanding of Baroque	To organise lyrics into a song structure To use vocal improvisation and known melodies against a backing track To compose a melody	Pupils will audition for parts in the play. Pupils will work together each week to rehearse songs for the performance. Pupils will learn words for delivering a performance alongside musical scores. Pupils will present a final performance to their peers and family.

	use complex rhythms to be able to perform a theme To play TIKI-TIKI, TI-TIKI and TIKI-TI rhythms in 3/4 time To use music notation to create visual representations of TIKI-TIKI, TI-TIKI and TIKI-TI rhythms.	dynamics, texture and pitch to create a group composition. To use teamwork to create a group composition featuring changes in texture, dynamics	in film music To create and notate musical ideas and relate them to film musicTo play a	music features when composing. To combine knowledge of staff notation and aural awareness to play a fugue. To apply their understanding of fugue structure when performing with others.	
Curriculum Enhancement		ng worship, Celebrations at Ch			
Assessment	Photo/video evidence and	d as per kapow assessment opp	ortunities.		

Addendum to the Long-Term Overview for the School Year 2024 - 2025

Mixed age class - Years	Autumn I	Autumn 2	Spring I	Spring 2	Summer I	Summer 2
I and 2	Pulse and rhythm	Tempo (Theme: Snail	Dynamics – Seaside	Sound patterns -	Pitch and tempo	Vocal and body sounds
	(Theme: My Favourite	and Mouse).	Adaptations: Focus group	Fairytales	(Theme: Superheroes)	(Theme: By the Sea).
	Things)	Adaptations: Focus group	of year 2s (3 ch'n) to be	Adaptations: Focus group	Adaptations: Focus group	Adaptations: Focus group
	Adaptations: Focus group	of year 2s (3 ch'n) to be	moved on to Year 2 skills as	of year 2s (3 ch'n) to be	of year 2s (3 ch'n) to be	of year 2s (3 ch'n) to be
	of year 2s (3 ch'n) to be	moved on to Year 2 skills as	and when appropriate.	moved on to Year 2 skills as	moved on to Year 2 skills as	moved on to Year 2 skills as
	moved on to Year 2 skills as	and when appropriate.	Challenge in each lesson.	and when appropriate.	and when appropriate.	and when appropriate.
	and when appropriate.	Challenge in each lesson.		Challenge in each lesson.	Challenge in each lesson.	Challenge in each lesson.
	Challenge in each lesson.	-		-	_	-
Mixed age class – Years	Autumn I	Autumn 2	Spring I	Spring 2	Summer I	Summer 2
2 and 3	Catholic Singing					
	Partnership	Partnership	Partnership	Partnership		Partnership
	Adaptations:	Adaptations:	Adaptations:	Adaptations:	Adaptations:	Adaptations: